



# Topic for Discussion

- African Swine Fever Briefer
- Status of ASF in the country and in Batangas
- National Issuances on ASF Prevention and Control
- Issues and Concerns in the Implementation of National Program
- Batangas experience in the combat against ASF amidst COVID 19 pandemic
- Policy Direction in Management and Control of ASF



# Zone Progression Status in the Philip

| UPGRADED ZONES FROM RED TO PINK AS OF 22 AUGUST 2023 |                                 |                                    |                                  |
|--|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 373  |                                 |                                    |                                  |
| Mountain Province                                    | 4. Natonin, Mountain Province   | 7. Kapangan, Benguet               | 10. Aguineldo, Ifugao            |
| Mountain Province                                    | 5. Sagada, Mountain Province    | 8. Mankayan, Benguet               | 11. Hungduan, Ifugao             |
|  | 6. Bokod, Benguet               |                                    |                                  |
| Pangasinan   | 9. Lingayen, Pangasinan         | 17. Quirino, Ilocos Sur            | 25. Bagulin, La Union            |
| Pangasinan   | 10. Mabini, Pangasinan          | 18. Gregorio del Pilar, Ilocos Sur | 26. Bawang, La Union             |
| Pangasinan   | 11. San Carlos City, Pangasinan | 19. San Ildefonso, Ilocos Sur      | 27. Naguilian, La Union          |
| Pangasinan   | 12. Sta. Barbara, Pangasinan    | 20. Sigay, Ilocos Sur              | 28. Burgos, La Union             |
| Pangasinan   | 13. Sual, Pangasinan            | 21. Sta. Catalina, Ilocos Sur      | 29. Caba, La Union               |
| Pangasinan   | 14. Tayug, Pangasinan           | 22. Sta. Cruz, Ilocos Sur          | 30. San Juan, La Union           |
| Pangasinan   | 15. Alilem, Ilocos Sur          | 23. Sta. Lucia, Ilocos Sur         | 31. Tubao, La Union              |
| Pangasinan   | 16. Bagulin, Ilocos Sur         | 24. Suyo, Ilocos Sur               | 32. Pugo, La Union               |
| Cagayan  | 15. Benito Soliven, Isabela     | 28. Roxas, Isabel                  | 43. Kayapa, Nueva Vizcaya        |
| Cagayan  | 16. Burgos, Isabela             | 30. San Agustin, Isabela           | 44. Quezon, Nueva Vizcaya        |
| Cagayan  | 17. Cabagan, Isabela            | 31. San Guillermo, Isabela         | 45. Cabarroguis, Quirino         |
| Cagayan  | 18. Cabatuan, Isabela           | 32. San Isidro, Isabela            | 46. Aglipay, Quirino             |
| Cagayan  | 19. Cauayan, Isabela            | 33. San Manuel, Isabela            | 47. Diffun, Quirino              |
| Cagayan  | 20. Cordón, Isabela             | 34. San Mariano, Isabela           | 48. Madella, Quirino             |
| Cagayan  | 21. Delfin Albano, Isabela      | 35. San Mateo, Isabela             | 49. Nagtipunan, Quirino          |
| Cagayan  | 22. Gamu, Isabela               | 36. Santo Tomas, Isabela           | 50. Saguday, Quirino             |
| Cagayan  | 23. Ilagan, Isabela             | 37. Sta. Maria, Isabela            |                                  |
| Cagayan  | 24. Jones, Isabela              | 38. Tumauini, Isabela              |                                  |
| Cagayan  | 25. Luna, Isabela               | 39. Artao, Nueva Vizcaya           |                                  |
| Cagayan  | 26. Naguilian, Isabela          | 40. Dupax del Norte, Nueva Vizcaya |                                  |
| Cagayan  | 27. Quirino, Isabela            | 41. Dupax del Sur, Nueva Vizcaya   |                                  |
| Cagayan  | 28. Ramon Isabela               | 42. Kasibu, Nueva Vizcaya          |                                  |
| Aurora   | 19. Pandi, Bulacan              | 37. Muñoz, Nueva Ecija             | 55. Gerona, Tarlac               |
| Aurora   | 20. Pulilan, Bulacan            | 38. Peñaranda, Nueva Ecija         | 56. Moncada, Tarlac              |
| Aurora   | 21. San Ildefonso, Bulacan      | 39. Palayan City, Nueva Ecija      | 57. Sta. Ignacia, Tarlac         |
| Aurora   | 22. San Rafael, Bulacan         | 40. Quezon, Nueva Ecija            | 58. Cabangan, Zambales           |
| Aurora   | 23. San Jose del Monte, Bulacan | 41. Rizal, Nueva Ecija             | 59. Castillejos, Zambales        |
| Aurora   | 24. San Miguel, Bulacan         | 42. San Jose City, Nueva Ecija     | 60. Iba, Zambales                |
| Aurora   | 25. Sta. Maria, Bulacan         | 43. San Leonardo, Nueva Ecija      | 61. San Felipe, Zambales         |
| Aurora   | 26. Abucay, Bataan              | 44. San Isidro, Nueva Ecija        | 62. San Marcelino, Zambales      |
| Aurora   | 27. Bagac, Bataan               | 45. Sto. Domingo, Nueva Ecija      | 63. Sta. Cruz, Zambales          |
| Aurora   | 28. Balanga, Bataan             | 46. Talavera, Nueva Ecija          |                                  |
| Aurora   | 29. Mariveles, Bataan           | 47. Apalit, Pampanga               |                                  |
| Aurora   | 30. Bongabon, Nueva Ecija       | 48. Candaba, Pampanga              |                                  |
| Aurora   | 31. Cuyayan, Nueva Ecija        | 49. Mabalacat, Pampanga            |                                  |
| Aurora   | 32. Cabiao, Nueva Ecija         | 50. Mexico, Pampanga               |                                  |
| Aurora   | 33. Gapan, Nueva Ecija          | 51. Minalin, Pampanga              |                                  |
| Aurora   | 34. Gabaldon, Nueva Ecija       | 52. San Luis, Pampanga             |                                  |
| Aurora   | 35. Guimba, Nueva Ecija         | 53. Santa Ana, Pampanga            |                                  |
| Aurora   | 36. Lupao, Nueva Ecija          | 54. Capas, Tarlac                  |                                  |
| Batangas   | 19. Los Baños, Laguna           | 37. Calauag, Quezon                | 55. Alfonso, Cavite              |
| Batangas   | 20. Magdalena, Laguna           | 38. Candelaria, Quezon             | 56. General Trias, Cavite        |
| Batangas   | 21. Nagcarlan, Laguna           | 39. Catantuan, Quezon              | 57. Imus, Cavite                 |
| Batangas   | 22. Rizal, Laguna               | 40. Dolores, Quezon                | 58. Indang, Cavite               |
| Batangas   | 23. Siniloan, Laguna            | 41. General Luna, Quezon           | 59. Magallanes, Cavite           |
| Batangas   | 24. Sta. Cruz, Laguna           | 42. Guinayangan, Quezon            | 60. Maragondon, Cavite           |
| Batangas   | 25. Angono, Rizal               | 43. Infanta, Quezon                | 61. Mendez-Núñez, Cavite         |
| Batangas   | 26. Baras, Rizal                | 44. Lucban, Quezon                 | 62. Novleta, Cavite              |
| Batangas   | 27. Binangonan, Rizal           | 45. Polilio, Quezon                | 63. Gen. Mariano Alvarez, Cavite |
| Batangas   | 28. Cardona, Rizal              | 46. Real, Quezon                   | 64. Tanza, Cavite                |
| Batangas   | 29. Morong, Rizal               | 47. Sampaloc, Quezon               |                                  |
| Batangas   | 30. Pillila, Rizal              | 48. San Andres, Quezon             |                                  |
| Batangas   | 31. San Mateo, Rizal            | 49. San Antonio, Quezon            |                                  |
| Batangas   | 32. Tanay, Rizal                | 50. San Francisco, Quezon          |                                  |
| Batangas   | 33. Taytay, Rizal               | 51. Sariaya, Quezon                |                                  |
| Batangas   | 34. Teresa, Rizal               | 52. Tagkawayan, Quezon             |                                  |
| Batangas   | 35. Rodriguez, Rizal            | 53. Tilaog, Quezon                 |                                  |
| Batangas   | 36. Burdeos, Quezon             | 54. Unisan, Quezon                 |                                  |

|      |                                 |                                    |                                     |                                       |
|------|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| V    | 1. Bacacay, Albay               | 16. Gainza, Camarines Sur          | 31. Bulan, Sorsogon                 | 46. Panganiban, Catanduanes           |
|      | 2. Daraga, Albay                | 17. Goa, Camarines Sur             | 32. Castilla, Sorsogon              | 47. San Andres, Catanduanes           |
|      | 3. City of Ligao, Albay         | 18. Iriga City, Camarines Sur      | 33. Gubat, Sorsogon                 | 48. San Miguel, Catanduanes           |
|      | 4. Malilipot, Albay             | 19. Libmanan, Camarines Sur        | 34. Irosin, Sorsogon                | 49. Viga, Catanduanes                 |
|      | 5. Malinao, Albay               | 20. Magarao, Camarines Sur         | 35. Prieto Diaz, Sorsogon           | 50. Virac, Catanduanes                |
|      | 6. Pio Duran, Albay             | 21. Milaor, Camarines Sur          | 36. Sorsogon City, Sorsogon         | 51. Basud, Camarines Norte            |
|      | 7. Polangui, Albay              | 22. Minalaba, Camarines Sur        | 37. Sta. Magdalena, Sorsogon        | 52. Daet, Camarines Norte             |
|      | 8. Tabaco City, Albay           | 23. Naga City, Camarines Sur       | 38. Aroroy, Masbate                 | 53. San Lorenzo Ruiz, Camarines Norte |
|      | 9. Oas, Albay                   | 24. Nabua, Camarines Sur           | 39. Milagros, Masbate               | 54. Jose Panganiban, Camarines Norte  |
|      | 10. Baao, Camarines Sur         | 25. Ocampo, Camarines Sur          | 40. Masbate City, Masbate           |                                       |
|      | 11. Bombon, Camarines Sur       | 26. Pili, Camarines Sur            | 41. Baras, Catanduanes              |                                       |
|      | 12. Bula, Camarines Sur         | 27. San Fernando, Camarines Sur    | 42. Bato, Catanduanes               |                                       |
|      | 13. Cabuso, Camarines Sur       | 28. Sipocot, Camarines Sur         | 43. Caramoran, Catanduanes          |                                       |
|      | 14. Caramoan, Camarines Sur     | 29. Tigaon, Camarines Sur          | 44. Gigmac, Catanduanes             |                                       |
|      | 15. Del Gallego, Camarines Sur  | 30. Barcelona Sorsogon             | 45. Pandan, Catanduanes             |                                       |
| VIII | 1. Abuyog, Leyte                | 12. MacArthur, Leyte               | 23. Matuguinao, Samar               | 34. Capul, Northern Samar             |
|      | 2. Buruen, Leyte                | 13. Mayorga, Leyte                 | 24. Pagsanhan, Samar                | 35. Catubig, Northern Samar           |
|      | 3. Barugo, Leyte                | 14. Ormoc City, Leyte              | 25. Sta. Rita, Samar                | 36. Laoang, Northern Samar            |
|      | 4. Baybay City, Leyte           | 15. Palo, Leyte                    | 26. Balangiga, Eastern Samar        | 37. Las Navas, Northern Samar         |
|      | 5. Carigara, Leyte              | 16. Tabango, Leyte                 | 27. Jipapad, Eastern Samar          | 38. San Antonio, Northern Samar       |
|      | 6. Dagami, Leyte                | 17. Tacloban, Leyte                | 28. Llorente, Eastern Samar         | 39. Silvino Lobos, Northern Samar     |
|      | 7. Dulag, Leyte                 | 18. Tanauan, Leyte                 | 29. Maydong, Eastern Samar          | 40. Lope De Vega, Northern Samar      |
|      | 8. Isabel, Leyte                | 19. Basey, Samar                   | 30. Salcedo, Eastern Samar          | 41. Victoria, Northern Samar          |
|      | 9. Jaro, Leyte                  | 20. Calbayog, Samar                | 31. San Policarpo, Eastern Samar    |                                       |
|      | 10. Javier, Leyte               | 21. Gandara, Samar                 | 32. Allen, Northern Samar           |                                       |
|      | 11. Leyte, Leyte                | 22. Hinabangan, Samar              | 33. Bobon, Northern Samar           |                                       |
| IX   | 1. Zamboanga City               | 2. Tungawan, Zamboanga Sibugay     |                                     |                                       |
| X    | 1. Iligan City, Lanao del Norte | 3. Mahinog, Camiguin               |                                     |                                       |
|      | 2. Cagayan de Oro City, Misamis | 4. Mambajo, Camiguin               |                                     |                                       |
| XI   | 1. Davao City                   | 6. Don Marcelino, Davao Occidental | 11. Boston, Davao Oriental          | 16. Tagum City, Davao del Norte       |
|      | 2. Bansalan, Davao del Sur      | 7. Malita, Davao Occidental        | 12. Cateel, Davao Oriental          |                                       |
|      | 3. Kiblawan, Davao del Sur      | 8. Sarangani, Davao Occidental     | 13. Lupon, Davao Oriental           |                                       |
|      | 4. Magsaysay, Davao del Sur     | 9. Baganga, Davao Oriental         | 14. Mati, Davao Oriental            |                                       |
|      | 5. Sulop, Davao del Sur         | 10. Banaybanay, Davao Oriental     | 15. IGACOS, Davao del Norte         |                                       |
| XII  | 1. Alameda, North Cotabato      | 8. Libungan, North Cotabato        | 15. President Roxas, North Cotabato | 22. Tantaran, South Cotabato          |
|      | 2. Aleosan, North Cotabato      | 9. M'lang, North Cotabato          | 16. Tulunan, North Cotabato         | 23. Tacurong, Sultan Kudarat          |
|      | 3. Antipas, North Cotabato      | 10. Makilala, North Cotabato       | 17. Koronadal City, South Cotabato  | 24. President Quirino, Sultan Kudarat |
|      | 4. Arakan, North Cotabato       | 11. Magpet, North Cotabato         | 18. Banga, South Cotabato           | 25. Lutayan, Sultan Kudarat           |
|      | 5. Carmen, North Cotabato       | 12. Matalam, North Cotabato        | 19. Norala, South Cotabato          | 26. Esperanza, Sultan Kudarat         |
|      | 6. Kidapawan, North Cotabato    | 13. Midsayap, North Cotabato       | 20. Sto. Niño, South Cotabato       |                                       |
|      | 7. Kabacan, North Cotabato      | 14. Pigkawayan, North Cotabato     | 21. Surallah, South Cotabato        |                                       |
| XIII | 1. Cortes, Surigao del Sur      | 2. San Miguel, Surigao del Sur     | 3. Loreto, Agusan del Sur           | 4. Claver, Surigao del Norte          |



# Zone Progression Status in the Philip

## UPGRADED ZONES FROM PINK TO YELLOW AS OF 22 AUGUST 2023

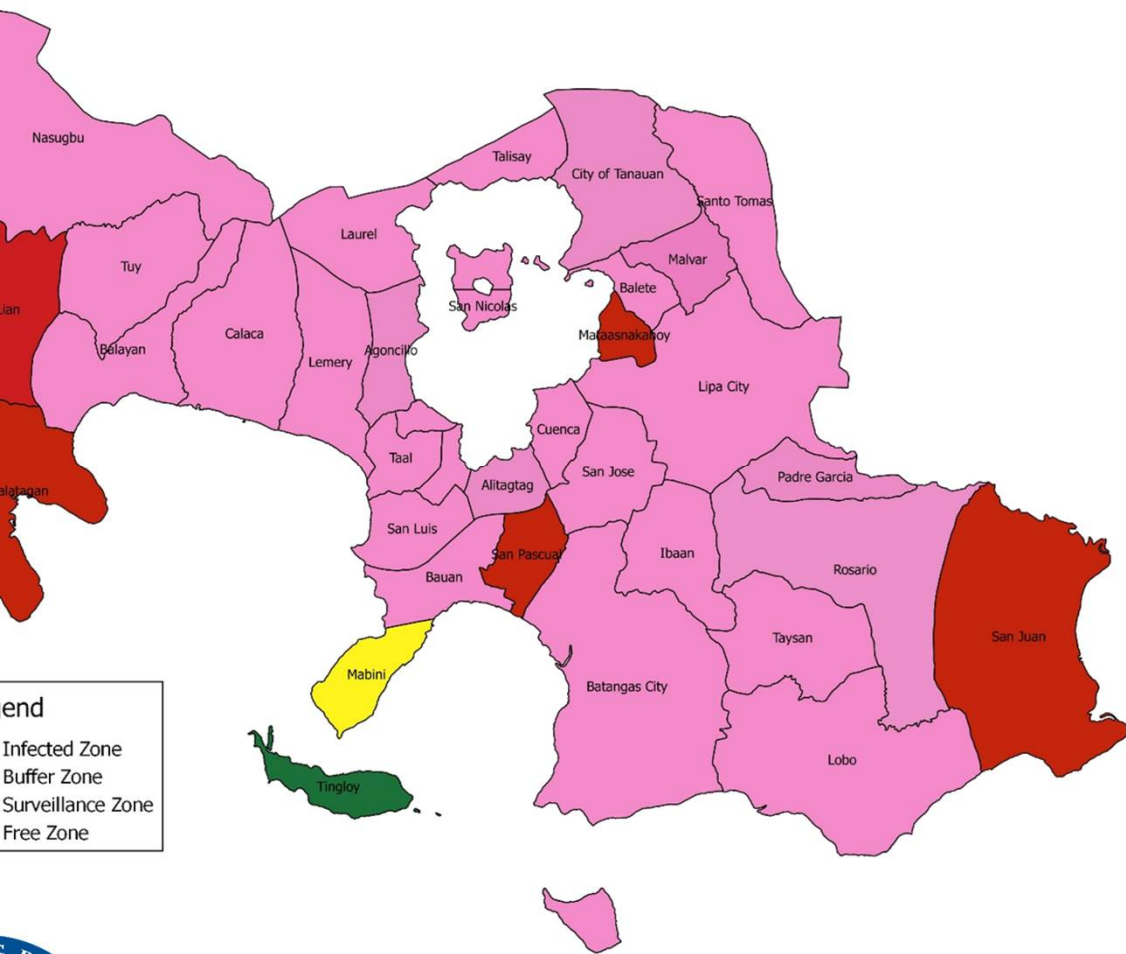
CITIES/MUNICIPALITIES

96

|      |  |   |   |   |
|------|--|---|---|---|
| I    | 1. Adams, Ilocos Norte<br>2. Bacarra, Ilocos Norte<br>3. Badoc, Ilocos Norte<br>4. Bangui, Ilocos Norte<br>5. Banna, Ilocos Norte<br>6. Batac, Ilocos Norte<br>7. Burgos, Ilocos Norte<br>8. Carasi, Ilocos Norte<br>9. Curimao, Ilocos Norte<br>10. Dingras, Ilocos Norte<br>11. Dumalneg, Ilocos Norte<br>12. Laoag City, Ilocos Norte<br>13. Marcos, Ilocos Norte<br>14. Nueva Era, Ilocos Norte<br>15. Pagudpud, Ilocos Norte<br>16. Paoay, Ilocos Norte<br>17. Pasuquin, Ilocos Norte<br>18. Piddig, Ilocos Norte<br>19. Pinili, Ilocos Norte<br>20. San Nicolas, Ilocos Norte<br>21. Sarrat, Ilocos Norte<br>22. Solsona, Ilocos Norte<br>23. Vintar, Ilocos Norte | 24. Burgos, Ilocos Sur<br>25. Cabugao, Ilocos Sur<br>26. Candon City, Ilocos Sur<br>27. Magsingal, Ilocos Sur<br>28. Nagbukel, Ilocos Sur<br>29. Narvacan, Ilocos Sur<br>30. Salcedo, Ilocos Sur<br>31. San Esteban, Ilocos Sur<br>32. San Juan, Ilocos Sur<br>33. San Vicente, Ilocos Sur<br>34. Santa, Ilocos Sur<br>35. Sto. Domingo, Ilocos Sur<br>36. Sugpon, Ilocos Sur<br>37. Sta. Maria, Ilocos Sur<br>38. Tagudin, Ilocos Sur<br>39. Bantay, Ilocos Sur<br>40. San Ildefonso, Ilocos Sur<br>41. Santa Catalina, Ilocos Sur<br>42. Santa Cruz, Ilocos Sur<br>43. Santa Lucia, Ilocos Sur<br>44. Sinit, Ilocos Sur<br>45. Vigan City, Ilocos Sur<br>46. Agoo, La Union | 47. Aringay, La Union<br>48. Bacnotan, La Union<br>49. Bangar, La Union<br>50. Balaoan, La Union<br>51. Bauang, La Union<br>52. Caba, La Union<br>53. Luna, La Union<br>54. Rosario, La Union<br>55. San Gabriel, La Union<br>56. San Juan, La Union<br>57. Santol, La Union<br>58. Sto. Tomas, La Union<br>59. Sudipen, La Union<br>60. Aguilar, Pangasinan<br>61. Alcala, Pangasinan<br>62. Bautista, Pangasinan<br>63. Balungao, Pangasinan<br>64. Bayambang, Pangasinan<br>65. Binalonan, Pangasinan<br>66. Binmaley, Pangasinan<br>67. Dasol, Pangasinan<br>68. Infanta, Pangasinan<br>69. Malasiqui, Pangasinan | 70. Manaoag, Pangasinan<br>71. Labrador, Pangasinan<br>72. Mangaldan, Pangasinan<br>73. Mangatarem, Pangasinan<br>74. Mapandan, Pangasinan<br>75. Natividad, Pangasinan<br>76. Pozorubio, Pangasinan<br>77. Rosales, Pangasinan<br>78. San Manuel, Pangasinan<br>79. Sison, Pangasinan<br>80. Sta. Maria, Pangasinan<br>81. Sto. Tomas, Pangasinan<br>82. San Fabian, Pangasinan<br>83. San Nicolas, Pangasinan<br>84. San Quintin, Pangasinan<br>85. San Jacinto, Pangasinan<br>86. Umingan, Pangasinan<br>87. Urdaneta City, Pangasinan<br>88. Villasis, Pangasinan |
| III  | 1. Mayantoc, Tarlac  |   |   |   |
| V    | 1. Bagamanoc, Catanduanes  |   |   |   |
| VIII | 1. Dolores, Eastern Samar  | 2. Guiuan, Eastern Samar  | 3. Oras, Eastern Samar  |   |
| VIII | 1. Matanao, Davao Del Sur  | 2. Sta. Cruz, Davao Del Sur   | 3. Sta. Maria, Davao Occidental   |   |



# ASF Status in Batangas



Legend  
 Infected Zone  
 Buffer Zone  
 Surveillance Zone  
 Free Zone

RED ZONE – 5  
 PINK ZONE – 27

YELLOW ZONE – 1  
 GREEN ZONE – 1



| DISTRICT     | Total Number of Barangays in the District | Total Number of Barangays with swine population | No. of Barangays with ASF & Percentage | Total Percentage |
|--------------|---|---|--|------------------|
| <b>I</b>     | 284                                       | 204   | 8<br>(3.9%)                            | 1.37%            |
| <b>II</b>    | 170                                       | 112   | 1<br>(0.89%)                           | 0.58%            |
| <b>III</b>   | 260                                       | 183   | 29<br>(15.85%)                         | 11.12%           |
| <b>IV</b>    | 187                                       | 153   | 20<br>(13.07%)                         | 10.73%           |
| <b>V</b>     | 72  | 67  | 14<br>(20.89%)                         | 19.31%           |
| <b>VI</b>    | 105                                       | 56  | 0                                      | 0%               |
| <b>TOTAL</b> | <b>1,078</b>                              | <b>775</b>                                      | <b>72 (9.3%)</b>                       | <b>8.68%</b>     |

# PRESIDENTIAL ADMINISTRATIVE ORDER NO. 22 S. 2020

DIRECTING ALL GOVERNMENT  
AGENCIES AND LOCAL  
GOVERNMENT UNITS TO STRICTLY  
IMPLEMENT AND COMPLY WITH THE  
"NATIONAL ZONING AND  
MOVEMENT PLAN FOR AFRICAN  
SWINE FEVER" UNDER  
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE  
ADMINISTRATIVE CIRCULAR NO. 12  
S. 2019

MALACAÑAN PALACE  
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

ADMINISTRATIVE ORDER NO. 22

**DIRECTING ALL GOVERNMENT AGENCIES AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT UNITS TO STRICTLY IMPLEMENT AND COMPLY WITH THE "NATIONAL ZONING AND MOVEMENT PLAN FOR AFRICAN SWINE FEVER" UNDER DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE ADMINISTRATIVE CIRCULAR NO. 12 (S. 2019)**

**WHEREAS**, the African Swine Fever (ASF), despite having no known effect to humans, is a severe and highly contagious viral disease affecting domestic and wild pigs, with a case-fatality rate approaching 100%, caused by a resistant virus with no developed cure to date;

**WHEREAS**, the ASF is estimated to have affected more than 20 million pigs in Asia since 2018 and has caused serious economic and production losses in affected countries;

**WHEREAS**, the Department of Agriculture (DA) has confirmed the occurrence of the virus in several areas in the Philippines;

**WHEREAS**, Republic Act (RA) No. 9296 or the "Meat Inspection Code of the Philippines," declares it a policy of the State to prevent the entry of disease-carrying animals into meat establishments and ensure the safety and quality of imported meat and meat products;

**WHEREAS**, under RA No. 10611 or the "Food Safety Act of 2013," the State aims to protect the public from food-borne and water-borne illnesses, and unsanitary, unwholesome, misbranded or adulterated foods;

**WHEREAS**, Section 15 of RA No. 10611 states that the DA shall be responsible for food safety in the primary production and post-harvest stages of food supply chain and foods, whether locally produced or imported;

**WHEREAS**, the DA, in its effort to manage, contain and control the ASF virus, has issued DA Administrative Circular No. 12 (s. 2019) on the "National Zoning and Movement Plan for the Prevention and Control of ASF," and has classified the country into various zones with respective movement protocols;

**WHEREAS**, RA No. 3639 declares the following acts as unlawful: (i) knowingly transporting domestic animals suffering from any dangerous communicable disease from one province or municipality to another; (ii) removing

THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

any class of animals from infected localities when there is a declaration that a dangerous communicable disease prevails therein, and when there is a danger of spreading such disease by transporting such class of animals outside the said locality; (iii) willfully importing animals, animal effects, parts or products from another country where a dangerous communicable animal disease prevails; and (iv) violating lawful regulations or orders relating to the quarantine of animals;

**WHEREAS**, pursuant to RA No. 9296, the local government units, shall regulate, among others, meat inspection, meat transport and post-abattoir control, in accordance with the national policies, procedures, guidelines, rules and regulations and quality and safety standards as promulgated by the DA Secretary;

**WHEREAS**, there is an urgent need to ensure consistent implementation and compliance with DA Administrative Circular No. 12 to more effectively control the ASF virus toward its complete eradication;

**WHEREAS**, Section 4, Article X of the 1987 Constitution states that the President shall exercise general supervision over local governments; and

**WHEREAS**, under Section 17, Article VII of the 1987 Constitution, the President shall have control of all the executive departments, bureaus and offices and shall ensure that the laws be faithfully executed;

**NOW, THEREFORE, I, RODRIGO ROA DUTERTE**, President of the Republic of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by the Constitution and existing laws, and upon the joint endorsement of the DA, the Department of Trade and Industry (DTI) and the Department of the Interior and Local Government (DILG), do hereby order and direct all concerned government agencies, offices and instrumentalities, as well as local government units, to strictly implement and ensure compliance with the "National Zoning and Movement Plan for the Prevention and Control of ASF," as contained under DA Administrative Circular No. 12 (s. 2019).

The DA, DTI and DILG are hereby directed to monitor compliance with this Order and ensure its strict observance by all concerned government agencies, offices, instrumentalities, as well as local government units.

This Order shall take effect immediately.

**DONE** in the City of Manila, this **5th** day of **February**, in the year of our Lord, Two Thousand and Twenty.

By the President:

**SALVADOR C. MEDIALDEA**  
Executive Secretary




The Provincial Government of Batangas strictly follows Presidential AO  
and always aligns the Executive Orders with the DA AC 12 and DA AC 2



# DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE ADMINISTRATIVE CIRCULAR NO. 12 S. 2019

## NATIONAL ZONING AND MOVEMENT PLAN FOR AFRICAN SWINE FEVER

(ANNEX 1 can be found at [https://www.da.gov.ph/wp-content/uploads/2019/12/ac12\\_s2019](https://www.da.gov.ph/wp-content/uploads/2019/12/ac12_s2019))

African Swine Fever (ASF) is a highly contagious hemorrhagic viral disease of swine with a case-fatality rate approaching 100 per cent, and has caused serious economic losses estimated to have affected more than 20 million pigs in Asia (Vietnam, Hong Kong, Cambodia, Lao PDR, Myanmar, and South Korea)

The Department of Agriculture (DA) has issued several policies in support of the National Zoning and Movement Plan for African Swine Fever (ASF) which will guide the Department in the containment and control of ASF in the affected areas and prevent disease spread, surveillance and strict animal movement restrictions;

One of the internationally recognized strategies recommended by the World Organization for Animal Health (OIE) or the World Organization for Animal Health, to prevent the spread of any animal disease;

The National Zoning and Movement Plan for African Swine Fever (ASF) will guide the Department in the containment and control of ASF in the affected areas and prevent disease spread, surveillance and strict animal movement restrictions;

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The National Zoning and Movement Plan for African Swine Fever (ASF) will guide the Department in the containment and control of ASF in the affected areas and prevent disease spread, surveillance and strict animal movement restrictions;

WHEREAS, the participants of the First Meeting of the inter-agency National ASF Task Force have agreed on principles on the zoning plan;

WHEREAS, the Cabinet on its 43<sup>rd</sup> Meeting was informed of the National Zoning and Movement Plan for African Swine Fever (ASF) and agreed to its implementation;

NOW THEREFORE, I, WILLIAM D. DAR, Secretary of Agriculture, by the power vested upon me, issue this Circular:

**SECTION 1. ASF Zone Classification** - The zones are defined and classified based on geographical limits established by the veterinary authorities upon identification of the Infected Zone and the Quarantine Zone.

Zone classification status will be reviewed regularly depending on the epidemiological changes of the disease.

**1. CONTAINMENT ZONE** - Containment Zone is defined as the geographical limit where concerted activities are implemented to contain the spread of and isolate the ASF disease towards full eradication. The Luzon Island shall be classified as Containment Zone where initial cases of ASF were detected.

Containment Zone shall be further categorized into different zones with respective movement protocols affecting the defined zones, namely:

**A. RED ZONE (Infected Zone)** will include provinces with confirmed cases of ASF.

In Region III, the Provinces of **BULACAN** and **PAMPANGA** are hereby categorized under the Red Zone.

In addition to the provinces of Bulacan and Pampanga, also declared as Infected Zones are the following cities and municipalities, in Regions I, III, and IV-A:

Region I - Pangasinan

- i. Mayanda, Pangasinan
- ii. Bayambang, Pangasinan

Region III - Nueva Ecija

- iii. Cabanatuan City
- v. Palayan City
- v. Quezon
- vi. San Isidro
- vii. Sta. Ines
- viii. Zaragoza
- ix. Calabao
- x. Guayan City

Region IV-A - Cavite

- xi. Daanbantayan City
- xii. Imus City
- xiii. General Trias
- xiv. Bacoor

Rizal

- xv. Rodriguez
- xvi. Antipolo City
- xvii. San Mateo
- xviii. Taytay

In relation to the Infected Zone, the following shall be identified:

**i. INFECTED PREMISES (IP)** refers to the specific location with live pigs such as but not limited to farms, stockyards and slaughterhouses, which tested POSITIVE for ASF virus using the Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR) Test. This shall also include location or facility for processing or storing pork products and by-products which tested POSITIVE for ASF virus using the PCR Test, such as but not limited to meat processing plants, meat cutting plants, meat depots, cold storage facilities, meat shops and retail markets.

**ii. QUARANTINE AREA (QA)** shall be defined as the area up to 1-kilometer radius from the Infected Premises.

**iii. OUTSIDE QUARANTINE AREA (OQA)** shall be defined as the area outside the 1-kilometer radius from the Infected Premises, up to the administrative boundary of the City/Municipality or Province classified as a Red Zone.

This area and premises will be identified by respective Department of Agriculture Regional Field Offices (DA-RFO), and concerned Provincial, City, Municipal Veterinary or Agriculture Offices for operational purposes.

**ii. YELLOW ZONE (Surveillance Zone)** will include provinces that are high-risk areas because of dense population of swine, and volume of trade of pigs, pork, and pork products.

These will include Provinces in Regions III and IV-A, except the provinces of Bulacan, Pampanga, Nueva Ecija (in Region III) and Rizal and Cavite (in Region IV-A)

**C. BUFFER ZONE (Pink Zone)** - Buffer Zone will include cities/municipalities of the National Capital Region (NCR), and municipalities and cities adjacent to Infected Zone. This will include ASF Free (no suspicion) localities in an Infected Province. For the purposes of this Zoning, and in consideration that NCR is mainly a "market" area for hogs, the National Capital Region (NCR) shall be included in the Buffer Zone.

This will include the rest of Nueva Ecija, Pangasinan, Rizal, and Cavite (refer to infected areas of these provinces in Annex A)

**D. LIGHT GREEN ZONE (Protected Zone)** are Regions or Provinces with no cases of ASF, and considered low-risk provinces but are contiguous with the Yellow Zone, in terms of land mass.

These would include Region IV (except Pangasinan), Region II (the Cordillera Administrative Region (CAR), and Region V (except Marikina and Calatagan which are considered Free Zones).

**2. FREE ZONE (Dark Green Zone)** - FREE ZONE is defined as the geographical limit which remains free from the ASF virus.

The entire Visayas and Mindanao are classified as FREE ZONES considering that both remain free from the ASF virus. Due to their geographical isolation as island provinces, which keeps them ASF-free, the provinces of Region III (BIMABOPMA), Marikina and Calatagan (both of Region V) are likewise declared as FREE ZONES.

Since the disease can be carried to other places and create new outbreak foci, the Department of Agriculture, through the ASF Crisis Management Team, shall issue official communications when the current geographical zones need to be updated.

For provinces reporting the disease for the first time, the 1-7-10 Protocol will be applied as a response protocol affecting actions within 1 km radius of the infected premise. This rapid response will be done to control the disease.

### SECTION 2. Movement Protocol

The detailed guideline that will guide the movement of pigs, pork and products are indicated in the National Zoning and Movement Plan for African Swine Fever (ASF) hereto attached as Annex 1.

In the effort to contain, manage and control ASF, ALL concerned are likewise called to the potential sources of ASF virus as following:

#### Potential Sources of the ASF Virus

- The following will be considered as possible sources of ASF virus:
  - 2.1 Live domestic pigs, including piglets, fatteners and breeders
  - 2.2 Pork, pork products and its by-products
  - 2.3 Genetic materials will include either semen, embryos or ova
  - 2.4 Commercial or in-house instead feeds
  - 2.5 Animal manure/slurry
  - 2.6 Vehicles used in delivery of pigs and other farm related inputs
  - 2.7 Contaminated Veterinary Medicinal Products (VMPs) (those coming from infected premises/farms)

### SECTION 3. Sanctions and penalties

3.1 Any violation of provisions related to the National Zoning and Movement Plan for African Swine Fever (ASF) shall be penalized in accordance with the provisions of Republic Act No. 3629.

3.2 Adulteration or careless or product through ways other than slaughter as provided in Republic Act No. 18611.

**SECTION 4. Repealing Clause.** All Orders and Circulars are hereby repealed, amended or modified.

**SECTION 5. Effectivity.** This Circular shall be effective upon its issuance.

For guidance and compliance of all concerned, the following is being issued:  
  
WILLIAM D. DAR, PhD.  
Secretary

Department of Agriculture  
Office of the Secretary  
Agricultural Road, Diliman  
Quezon City, 1100 Philippines



| ISSUES AND CONCERN  | IMPLICATION  |
|---|--|
| Categorizing as RED ZONE of a City/Municipality even here is only 1 farmer in 1 barangay affected.  | Affects movement of swine in the area; movement Zones only and the NCR   |
| Hogs can only be shipped out in RED and PINK Zones if there is a Certificate of Free Status on ASF (CFS ASF)  | Not all can afford the laboratory testing requirement to get the CFS ASF; cost at around Php 21,000 per farm. Most of the time, small hold raisers were victimized by unscrupulous traders/haulers thus spreading the disease. |
| No specific provision on how to exit from Quarantine or from being RED or PINK Zones  | Affects repopulation effort of farmers; small hold raisers will most likely to stop their operation; Ultimately, will result to low supply thus the soaring prices in the market.  |
| Not all LGUs has the capacity to implement due to lack of manpower; not all cities/municipalities have Veterinarians (RA 7160 requires Veterinary Offices to Provinces and Cities only but not the Municipalities where the livestock industry thrives) | The full implementation of the National Zoning and Movement Plan does not materialize in the country.  |
| COVID 19 Pandemic   | Immediate implementation of the control program as disease investigation, surveillance and depopulation hampered due to local lock-downs.  |



# Batangas experience against ASF amidst COVID 19 pandemic

What are the measures the Province of  
BATANGAS did to address the said issues and  
concerns?



# **ACTIONS TAKEN IN THE PROVINCE OF BATANGAS**

**OFFICE OF BATANGAS ON ASF (ASF TASK FORCE)**

**STAKEHOLDERS' MEETING**

**ONLINE APPLICATIONS AND VETERINARY ISSUANCES**

**MUNICIPALITY ASF SA BARANGAY & TRAINING ON SPECIMEN COLLECTION**

**BARANGAY BIOSECURITY OFFICERS**

**COMMUNITY SAMPLING ON CLUSTERED BARANGAY EXIT PROTOCOL**

**POPULATION**





# COMMUNITY QUARANTINE

**March 17, 2020** Enhanced Community Quarantine due to COVID-19

## **OPV Online Application and Issuances**

*March 23, 2020 :* Veterinary Health Certificate

Local Shipping Permit

Veterinary Clearance

Renewal of OPV-Issued Licenses

*March 25, 2020 :* Food Pass

*August 8, 2020: Concurrence of Weekly Negative Monitoring*



# BATANGAS MAGITING

YANANG MAKA-DIYOS, MAKAKALIKASAN, MAKATAO, AT MAKABANSA

<https://provetbatangas.wixsite.com/pvobatangas>

## OFFICE OF THE PROVINCIAL VETERINARIAN

Enhanced Community Quarantine, the Office of the Provincial Veterinarian will accept online application for Certificate and Shipping Permits. We believe that a healthy agriculture sector will promote Food Security and Safety during these trying times. Together, we will all get through this.



### VETERINARY HEALTH CERTIFICATE

Online issuance of Veterinary Health Certificate. Please fill up the forms properly

1. Fill up and submit application Form
2. The VHC will be sent to the email address provided.
3. If shipment is going to CALABARZON or NCR, apply also for Local Shipping Permit
4. If shipment is going outside of CALABARZON or NCR (ex. Bulacan or Mindoro), apply for Local Shipping Permit at Veterinary Quarantine Services, Pier, Batangas City

Kailangan ang na-issue ng OPV Batangas  
**Online Veterinary Health Certificate**  
o ang  
VHC na mula sa LGU Veterinarian  
para mabigyan ng Local Shipping Permit  
sa mga Provincial Animal Checkpoints

**LSP Issuances mula bukas (April 16)**  
(para sa NCR at Region IV-A Shipments)



Mahayahay, Lemery (8am-8pm)  
Star Tollway Sto. Tomas Exit (8am-8pm)  
Castillo, Padre Garcia (24hrs)  
Muzon, San Juan (24hrs)

ONLINE VHC PROCESSING NA  
SAME-DAY ISSUANCE MULA  
OPV BATANGAS:

MONDAY TO FRIDAY  
SATURDAY (8 AM TO 5 PM)

### LOCAL SHIPPING PERMIT

Due to Typhoon Ambo, we will be issuing Local Shipping Permit for shipments scheduled for April 16, 2020 only. Please click on the link above to apply for Local Shipping Permit

Local Shipping Permit will be released at the following checkpoints:

Checkpoints:  
STARTOLL - 24/7  
Muzon, San Juan - 24/7  
Castillo, Padre Garcia - 24/7  
Mahayahay, Lemery 8AM - 8PM

# BANTAY ASF SA BARANGAY



PHILIPPINE COLLEGE OF  
SWINE PRACTITIONERS



Batangas Livestock and  
Poultry Hauler's Association

City and Municipalities of Batangas  
thru their City Veterinary Offices and  
Municipal Agriculture Offices

# BANTAY ASF SA BARANGAY

Following are the designated person involved in the Bantay ASF sa Barangay as agreed upon by the Technical Working Group of Batangas ASF Task Force:

Commercial Farms – Farm Veterinarian; must be registered at the Office of the Provincial Veterinarian and coordinated with the City Veterinary Office or Municipal Agriculture Office; fill out the Farm Veterinarian Registration Form (<https://provetbatangas.wixsite.com/pvobatangas>).

Small-hold Farms – Community-Based Animal Technicians/CBAT (BAHW, BAHEW, PARAVETS, or any person assigned by the city/municipality at the Barangay); must be registered at the City Veterinary Office or Municipal Agriculture Office and acknowledged by the Office of the Provincial Veterinarian

Responsibilities:

- Collect samples or assist/witness in sample collection conducted in their respective jurisdiction.
- Submit Farm Biosecurity Evaluation to CVO/MAO/OPV
- Bantay ASF sa Barangay shall Submit Weekly Negative Monitoring Report to their respective CVO/MAO (<https://provetbatangas.wixsite.com/pvobatangas>).
- The CVO/MAO shall submit Summary of Weekly Negative Monitoring to OPV (<https://provetbatangas.wixsite.com/pvobat>)



# TECHNICAL WORKING GROUP CONSULTATION MEETING & PREVENTION TEAM RE August 18, 2020 International Training Center on Pig Husbandry





# STAKE HOLDER'S CONSULTATION MEETING

September 04, 2020

International Training Center on Pig Husbandry GSK HALL



# TRAINING ON SPECIMEN COLLECTION FOR BARANGAY BIOSECURITY OFFICERS

September 06 -10, 2020

International Training Center on Pig Husbandry GSK HALL

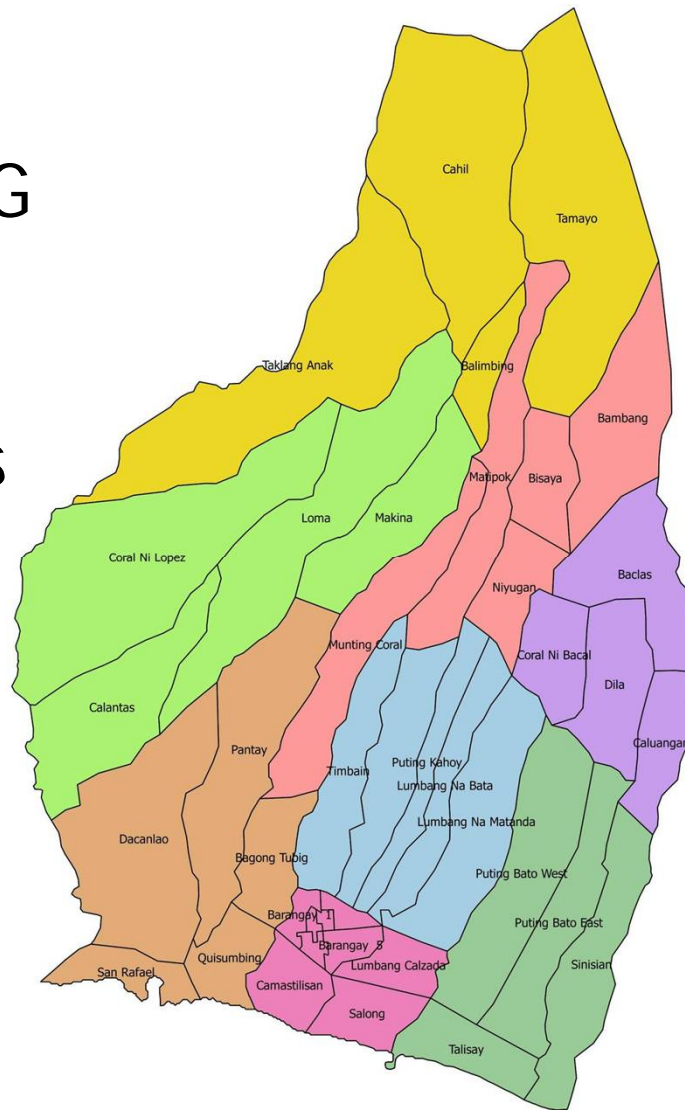


# COMMUNITY SAMPLING

Small Hold Farms

Semi Commercial Farms

Small hold farmers can now avail free laboratory testing needed for the issuance of **Recognition of Active Surveillance on ASF (RAS – ASF)** which is required for swine movement.



MAP OF CALACA

RAS Certificate No.: RAS-2023-06-021

## Recognition of Active Surveillance of African Swine Fever

This Certificate of Recognition is awarded to the city of

### CALACA, BATANGAS


To recognize their valuable contribution and support to the prevention of African Swine Fever (ASF) in their municipality through the conduct of active surveillance in the following barangays last 20 June 2023, proven by negative laboratory test results.

- Barangays sampled: Baclas, Bagong Tubig, Balimbing, Bambang, Bisaya, Caluangay, Coral ni Bacal, Coral ni Lopez, Dacanlao, Dila, Loma, Lumbang Calzada, Lumbang Na Bata, Lumbang Na Matanda, Madalunot, Makina, Matipok, Munting Coral, Niyugan, Puting Bato East, Puting Bato West, Puting Kahoy, Sinisian, Taklang Anak, Tamayo
- Laboratory Accession Number: 23-2054, 23-2055, 23-2056, 23-2057, 23-2058, 23-2060, 23-2061, 23-2062, 23-2063, 23-2064, 23-2065, 23-2066, 23-2067, 23-2068, 23-2070, 23-2071, 23-2072, 23-2073, 23-2074, 23-2075, 23-2076, 23-2077, 23-2078, 23-2080, 23-2081, 23-2082
- Testing conducted by: Regional Animal Disease Diagnostic Laboratory IV-A

Issued this 29 June 2023, and valid until 18 September 2023.

This certificate may be revoked upon any reported evidence of confirmed ASF incursion, and will be suspended until the ASF case is resolved.

*Faul C. Limson*  
FAUL C. LIMSON, DVM  
Director



Scan for validation

# Farm Biosecurity Evaluation

GOAL: Farms must at least have LEVEL 1 Biosecurity

## PCSP BIOSECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF SWINE FARMS

| DESCRIPTION   | CLASSIFICATION |              |         |           |           |
|---|----------------|--------------|---------|-----------|-----------|
|   | Standard       | Target Score | LEVEL 0 | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   |
| Distance from the nearest pig farm                            | >500 m         | 2            |         |           |           |
| Clearly demarcated CDL (clean & dirty line); WITH FENCE       | yes            | 2            |         | 2         | 2         |
| Page of Biosecure Area/ biosecurity procedures to follow      | yes            | 2            |         |           |           |
| Shower In/Out (w/soap & shampoo); drainage away from farm*    | yes            | 2            | 0       | 2         | 2         |
| Complete change of clothes & dedicated boots to enter farm    | yes            | 2            | 0       | 2         | 2         |
| Foot control program in place                                 | yes            | 2            |         |           | 2         |
| Regular cleaning & disinfection                               | yes            | 2            |         |           |           |
| Minimum downtime**  | yes            | 2            | 0       | 2         | 2         |
| Supplies decontamination facility (farm & personal)***        | yes            | 2            |         |           | 2         |
| Feed items (no pork, pork products from outside)              | yes            | 2            |         | 2         | 2         |
| Food/drinks in HAS/pig area                                   | yes            | 2            |         |           |           |
| Water chlorinated & regularly tested for contamination        | yes            | 2            |         |           | 2         |
| Load-in/load-out (1way); cleaned & disinfected after each use | yes            | 2            |         |           |           |
| Feed bags ALLOWED to enter HAS****                            | NO             | 2            | 0       | 2         | 2         |
| Manure & kitchen wastes (kanin baboy, lamaw) FED to pigs      | NO             | 2            |         | 2         | 2         |
| Feed pig disposal - covered                                   | YES            | 2            |         |           |           |
| Records log; mortality record; written biosecurity procedures | yes            | 2            |         |           |           |
| Visitors, visitors ALLOWED in load-out                        | NO             | 2            | 0       | 2         | 2         |
| Dedicated feed trucks or feed carts used inside farm ONLY     | yes            | 2            |         |           |           |
| Trucks washed & disinfected before entry to pig farm          | yes            | 2            |         |           |           |
| Outside vehicles ALLOWED in farm                              | NO             | 2            | 0       | 2         | 2         |
| <b>BEST SCORE (100% COMPLIANT)</b>                            |                | <b>42</b>    |         |           |           |
| <b>Minimum Compliance Score</b>                               |                |              |         | <b>18</b> | <b>24</b> |

| RISK LEVEL | SCORE |
|------------|-------|
| High       | 0     |
| Moderate   | 1     |
| Low        | 2     |

NOTE: Score in yellow box is default score;  
any score below default score is automatic  
FAIL and farm will be classified in lower level!

## Why is there a need to assess the Biosecurity of each farm?

1. To ensure prevention of animal diseases to the farm such as ASF.
2. To continue hog raising in their areas. Only farms with LEVEL 1 Biosecurity are given permit to carry on in swine raising.
3. To be eligible as recipient of agriculture-related projects of the government.
4. To be excluded in mandatory stamping out during disease outbreak.



# Exit Protocol and Repopulation Program

to be released from quarantine, the following timetable should be completed and implemented in the province of Batangas



Total duration: 5 to 5.5 months

*(Source: ASF Contingency plan issued by BAI and the exit plan recommended by PCSP).*



# EXIT FROM QUARANTINE STATUS IN BATANGAS PROVINCE:

Batangas has only 88 Barangays with ASF (out of 1078 barangays 8.16%)

- 61 BARANGAYS are have undergone exit protocols and released quarantine status
- 16 CITIES and MUNICIPALITIES are upgraded from Red Zone to Zone
- Municipality of San Juan have submitted their documents for upgrading of zone
- 4 Municipalities are still completing all of their documents



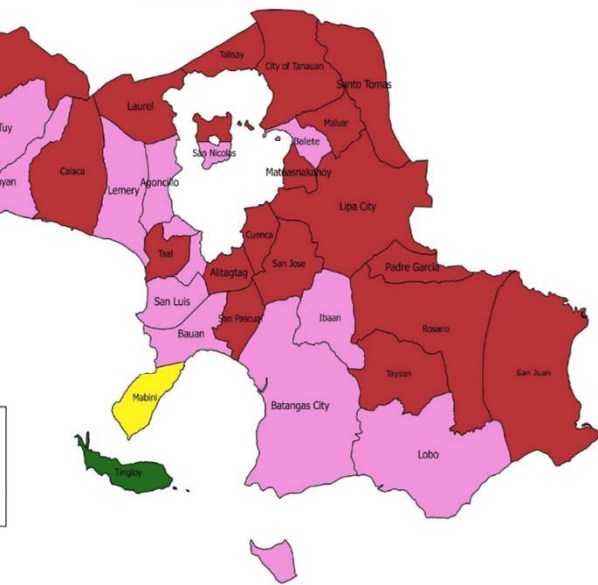
# ASF STATUS MAP OF BATANGAS

May 2021

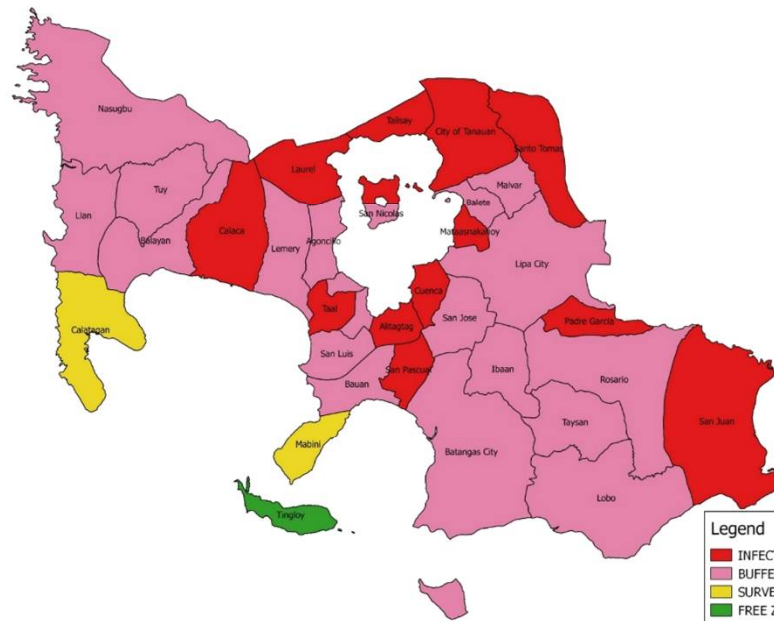
July 2021

October 2021

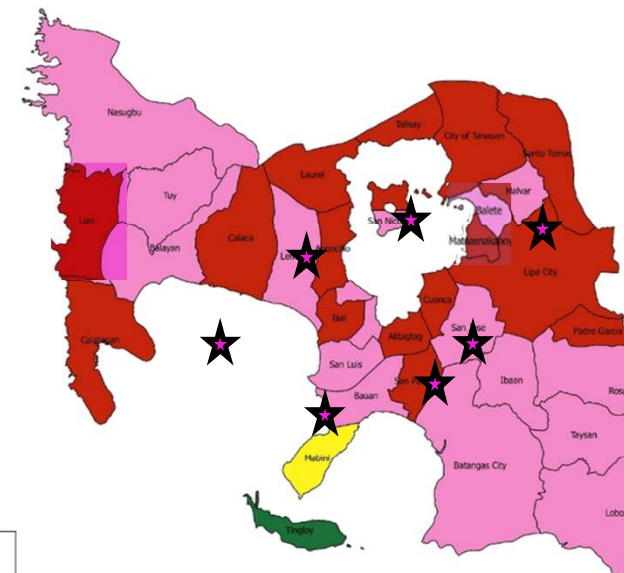
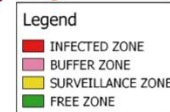
BATANGAS PROVINCE ASF STATUS MAP



RED ZONE – 18  
 PINK ZONE – 13  
 YELLOW ZONE – 2  
 GREEN ZONE – 1



RED ZONE – 12  
 PINK ZONE – 19  
 YELLOW ZONE – 2  
 GREEN ZONE – 1



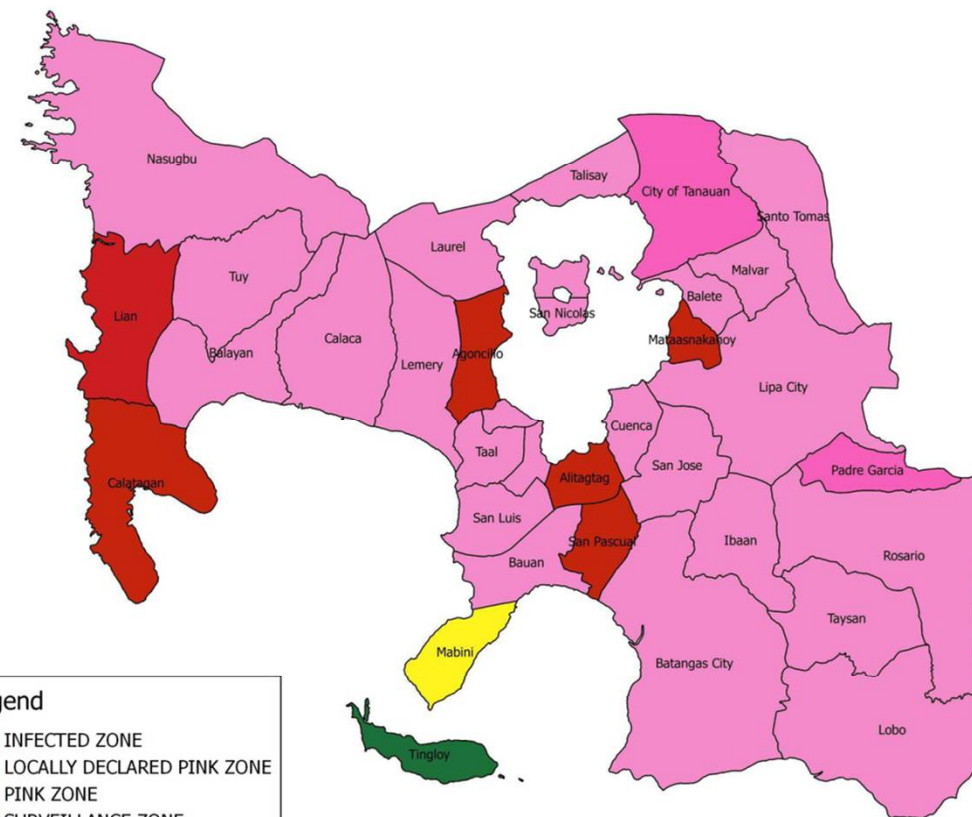
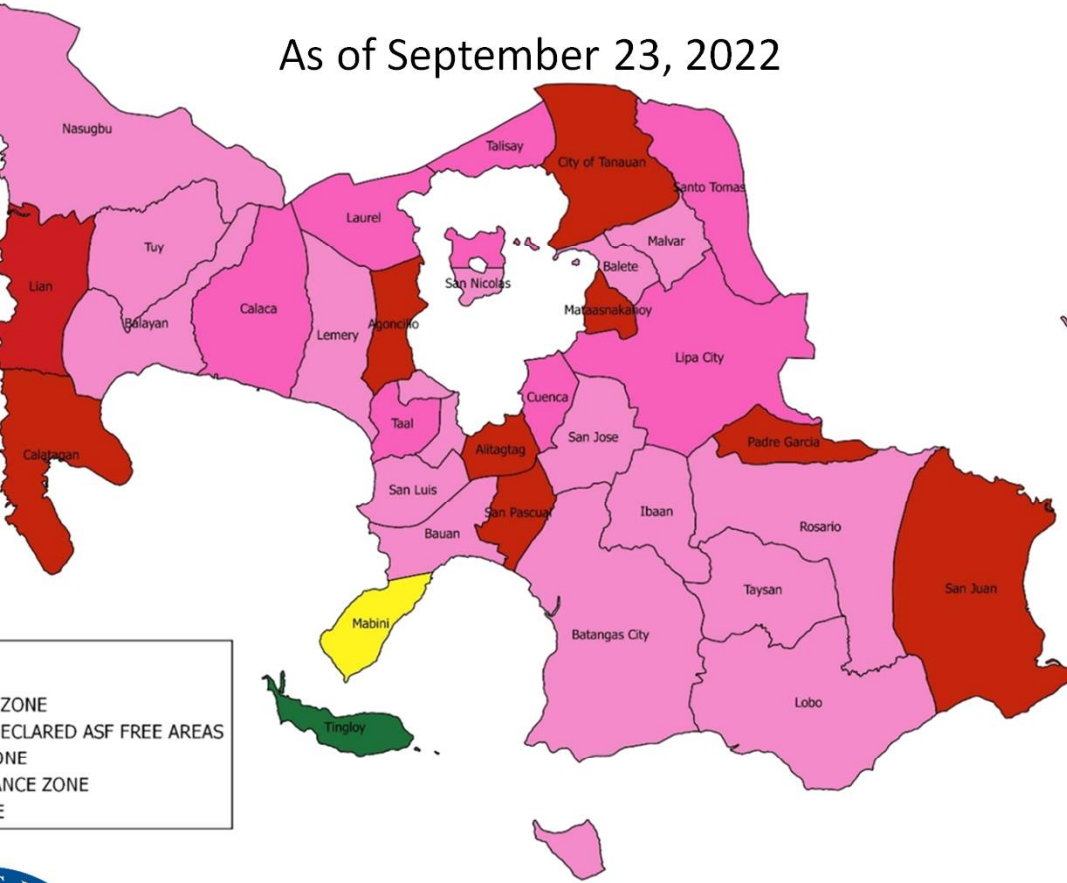
RED ZONE – 16  
 PINK ZONE – 16  
 YELLOW ZONE – 1  
 GREEN ZONE – 1



# ASF Status in Batangas

As of September 23, 2022

As of March 25, 2023



RED ZONE  
 LOCALLY DECLARED ASF FREE AREAS  
 PINK ZONE  
 SURVEILLANCE ZONE  
 FREE ZONE

**Legend**  
 ■ INFECTED ZONE  
 ■ LOCALLY DECLARED PINK ZONE  
 ■ PINK ZONE  
 ■ SURVEILLANCE ZONE  
 ■ FREE ZONE

RED ZONE – 9  
 PINK ZONE – 16  
 YELLOW ZONE – 1  
 GREEN ZONE – 1

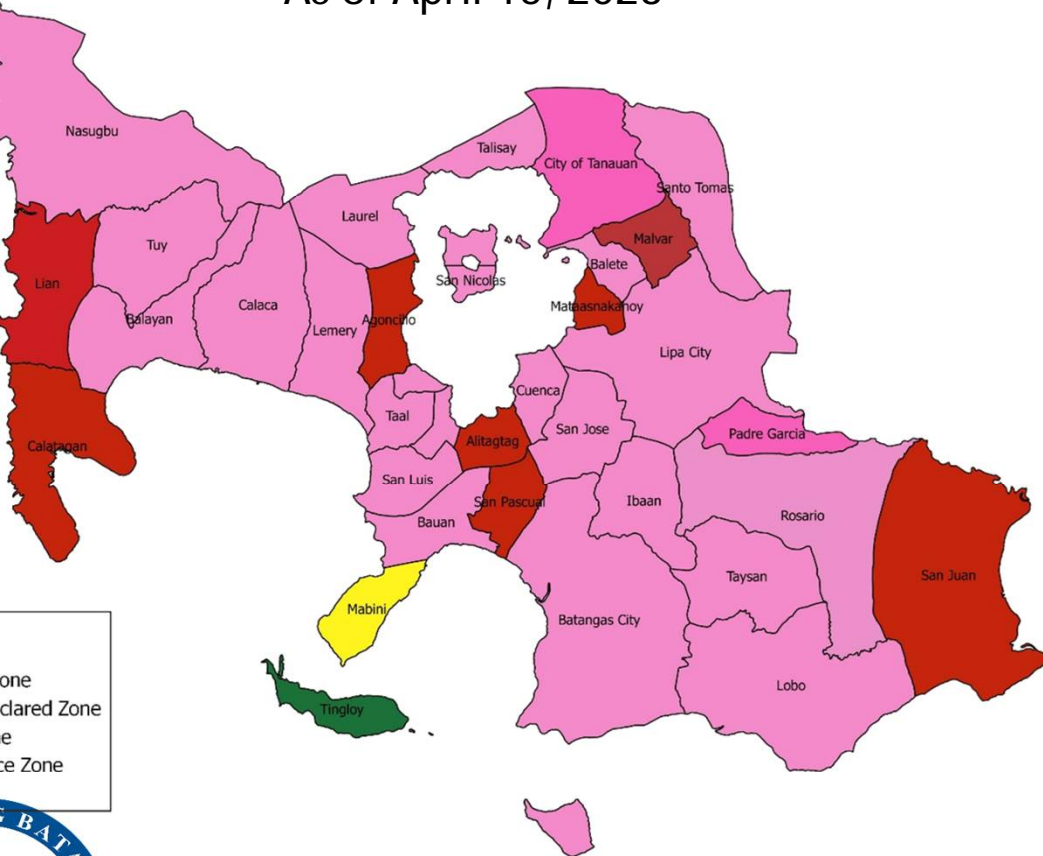
RED ZONE – 7  
 PINK ZONE – 18  
 YELLOW ZONE – 1  
 GREEN ZONE – 1



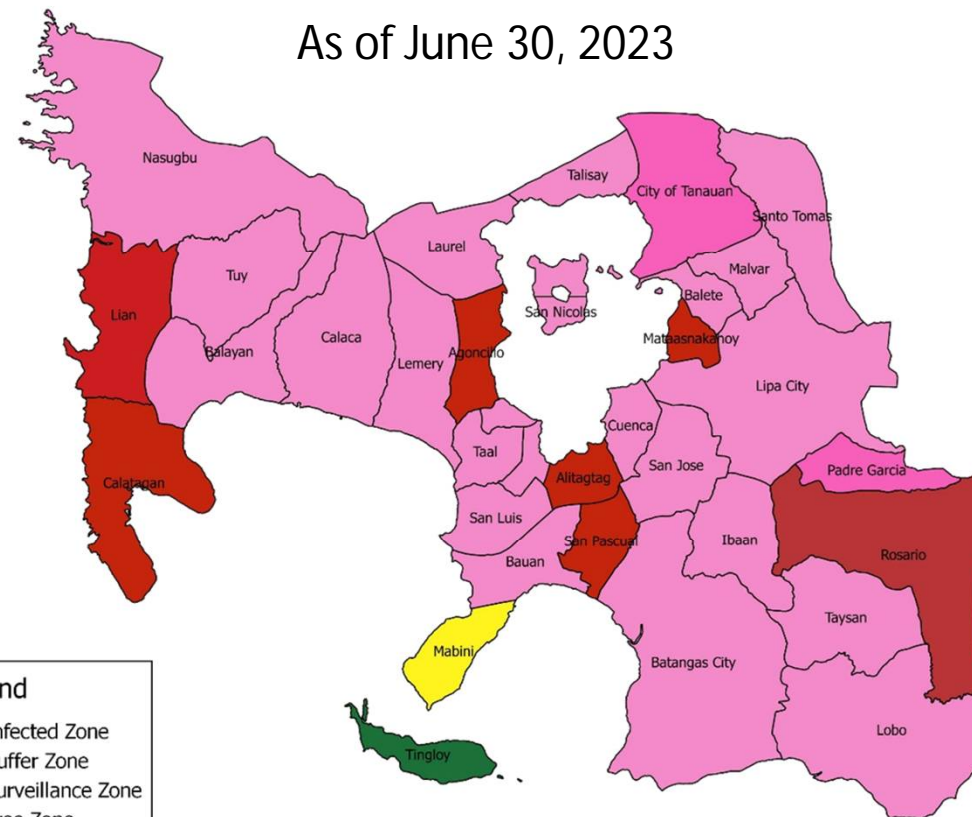


# ASF Status in Batangas

As of April 15, 2023



As of June 30, 2023



**Legend**

- Infected Zone
- Buffer Zone
- Surveillance Zone
- Free Zone

RED ZONE – 8\*

PINK ZONE – 17

YELLOW ZONE – 1

GREEN ZONE – 1

\*ASF positive case – Municipality of Rosario

one  
dared Zone  
e  
ce Zone

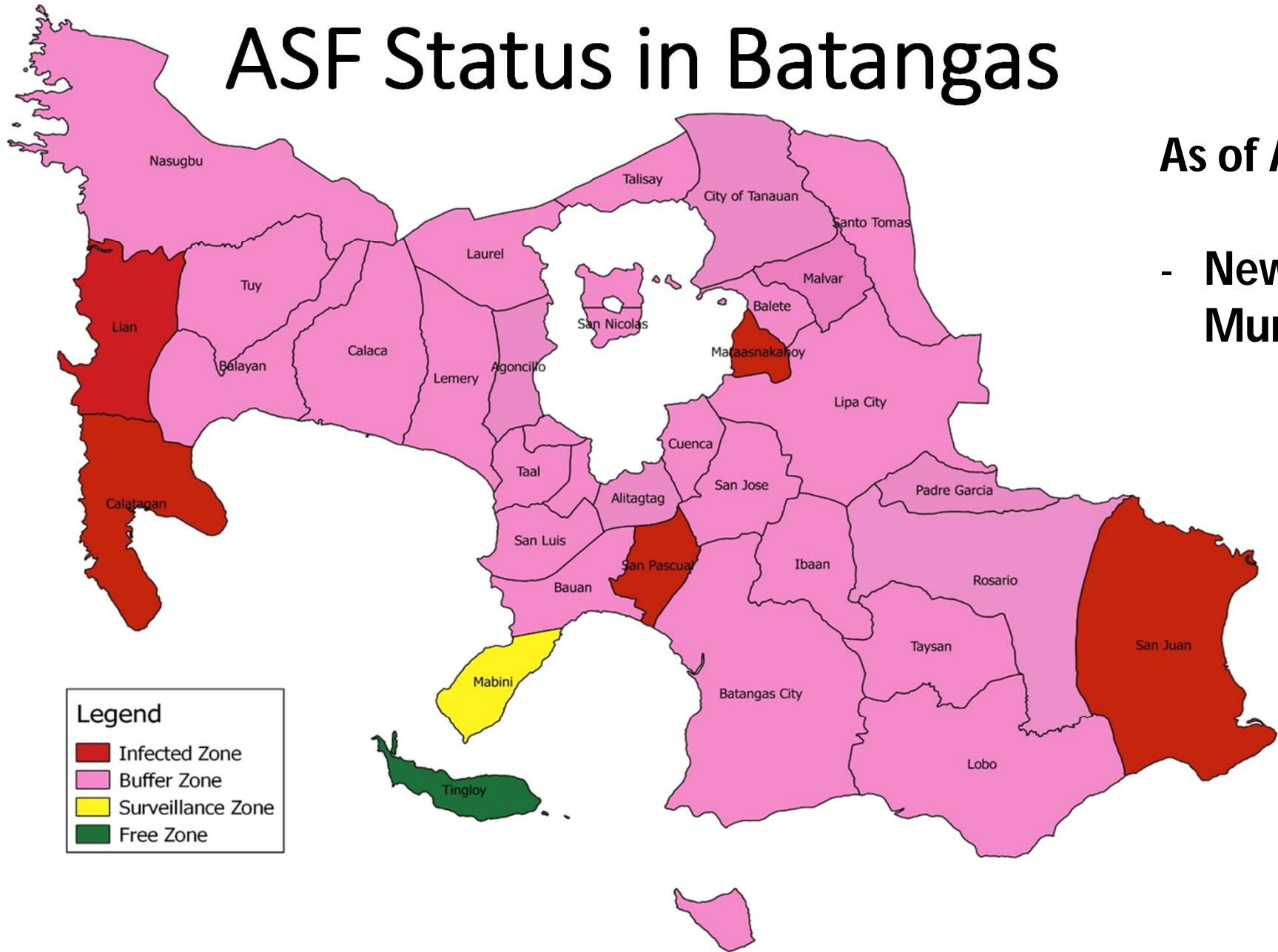


# ASF Status in Batangas

As of August 2020

- Newly Upgraded Municipalities

Rosario  
Agoncillo  
Alitagtag



# EXIT FROM QUARANTINE STATUS IN BATANGAS PROVINCE:

Batangas has only 88 Barangays with ASF (out of 1078 barangays, 8.16%)

| No. of Barangays | City/Municipality   | Status   |
|------------------|---|--|
| 61               | Malvar (2), Rosario (2), Nasugbu (4), Taysan (1), San Jose (2), Calaca (1), Talisay (3), Taal (3), Cuenca (4), Laurel (11), Sto. Tomas (4), Lipa City (15), Tanauan (3), Padre Garcia (1), Agoncillo (2), Alitagtag (3) | Upgraded Areas from Red Zone to Pink Zone; ASF-free areas (15 areas) |
| 27               | Mataas na Kahoy (1)<br>San Juan (15), San Pascual (1), Calatagan (4), Lian (1)  | For Release (5 Municipalities)                                       |

\*Municipality of San Juan– Submitted documents for evaluation for Upgrading of Zone to DA RFO IV-A and I

## Latest ASF Cases:

Agoncillo – August 2021

Calatagan – October 2021

Lian – November 2021

Mataasnahoy – December 2021

San Juan - 2022

Rosario – June 2023

Malvar – February 2023



# LOCAL ORDINANCES

- Creation of ASF Task Force
- Adoption and Implementation of Bantay ASF sa Barangay Program
- Creation of Veterinary positions in all Cities and Municipalities
- Institutionalization of Biosecurity Officers (Community Based Animal Technicians/CBAT, Barangay Animal Health Workers/BAHW, Paravets, etc.)
- Animal Disease Prevention and Control Ordinances (provincial level to be adopted at the city/municipal level)
- Penalties for non-conforming individuals



# WAYS FORWARD FOR PROVINCE OF BATANGAS

**Establish the active surveillance for small hold and semi commercial farms in all cities and municipalities (Recognition of Active Surveillance on ASF)**  
Out of 34 cities and municipalities regularly conducting active surveillance every 3 months

**Upgrade cities and municipalities of Batangas to Yellow zone** – currently there are still 5 red zones, 27 pink zones, 1 yellow zone and 1 dark green zone



# WAYS FORWARD FOR PROVINCE OF BATANGAS

**Establish centralized holding and trading facilities per municipalities to control spr**  
**disease** – Will be convening the cities and municipalities counterparts to discuss the  
establishment of these facilities

**Set minimum and maximum ceiling on live weight farm gate price for backyard an**  
**commercial farms that will be uniform for the entire province** – Resolution No. 152  
of 2023 Providing for the Passage of Provincial Price Coordinating Council Composit  
refining its Power and Functions in the Province of Batangas



# WAYS FORWARD FOR PROVINCE OF BATANGAS

**Compartmentalization Program** – Finalization of the Compartmentalization guidelines spearheaded by the Private stakeholders and the Batangas Provincial Council together with PVO, CVOs, MAOs, BAI, NMIS, NVQS, farmer associations, PVMA Batangas, Feedmillers Association, Haulers Association

